



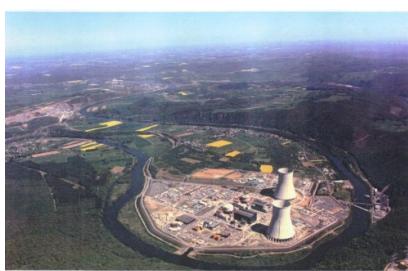
# Model-based Development for Embedded Control Systems

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- Which embedded control systems?
- Aérospatiale pioneering role
- State of the art
- Table of Contents

# Which Embedded Control Systems? \_\_\_\_\_



safety critical systems



mission critical systems, time to market

## Two Questions

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### **Knowing the low reliability of computing technology**

- thousands of car “recalled” for computing bugs
- Ariane V accident
- your personal computer ...

1. *Is it wise to use this poor technology in safety critical systems?*

2. *Why, nevertheless, things are not as bad as could be expected?*

# A Tentative Answer

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**The safety-critical control industry has designed a very strong model-based development method**

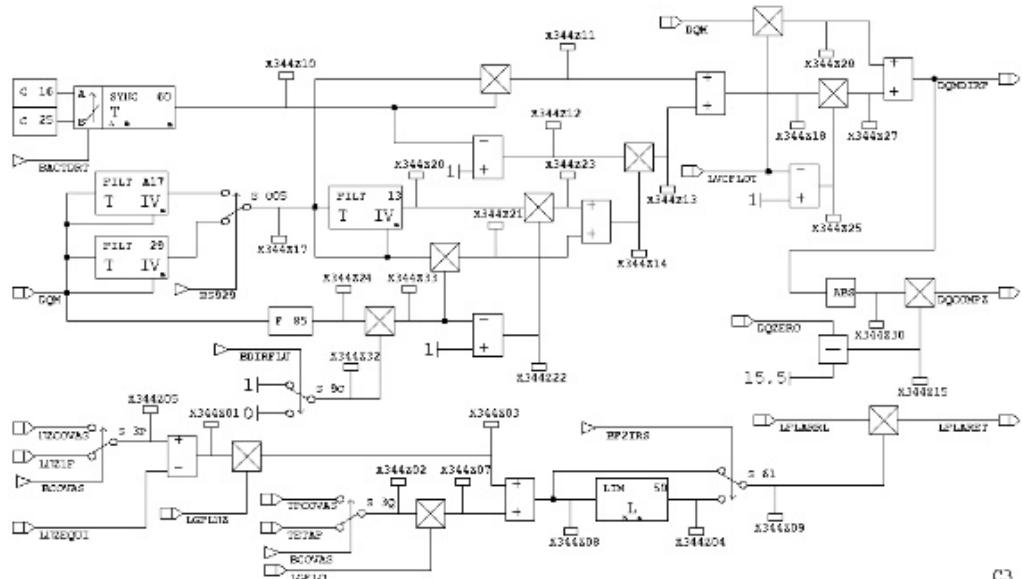
**A short story of this method:**

- Aérospatiale pioneering role
- How things evolved since then
- State of the Art and perspectives

*Are academic people really aware of this story?*

# Aérospatiale pioneering steps in the early eighties

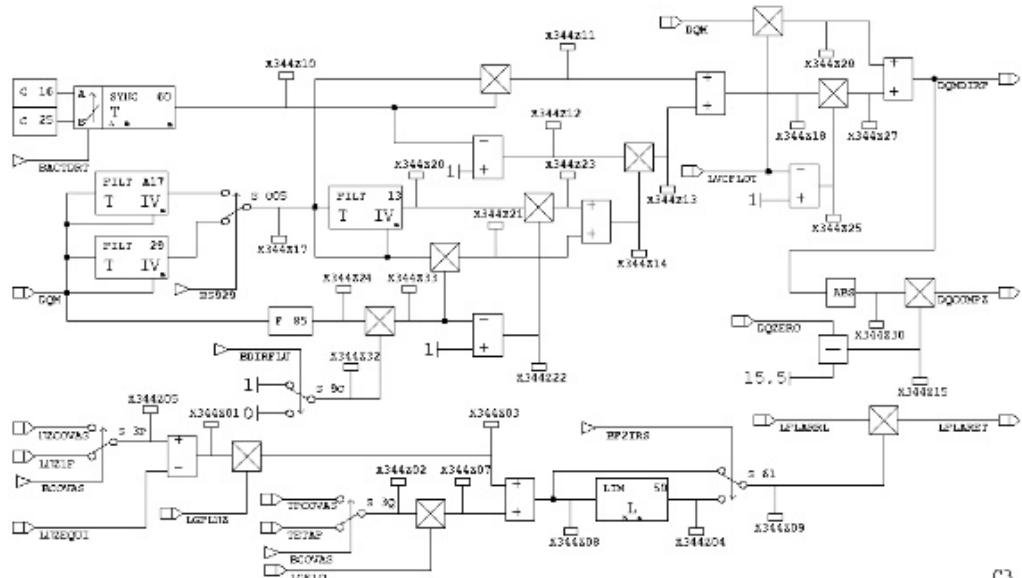
## control models (block-diagrams)



C7

# Aérospatiale pioneering steps in the early eighties

## control models (block-diagrams)

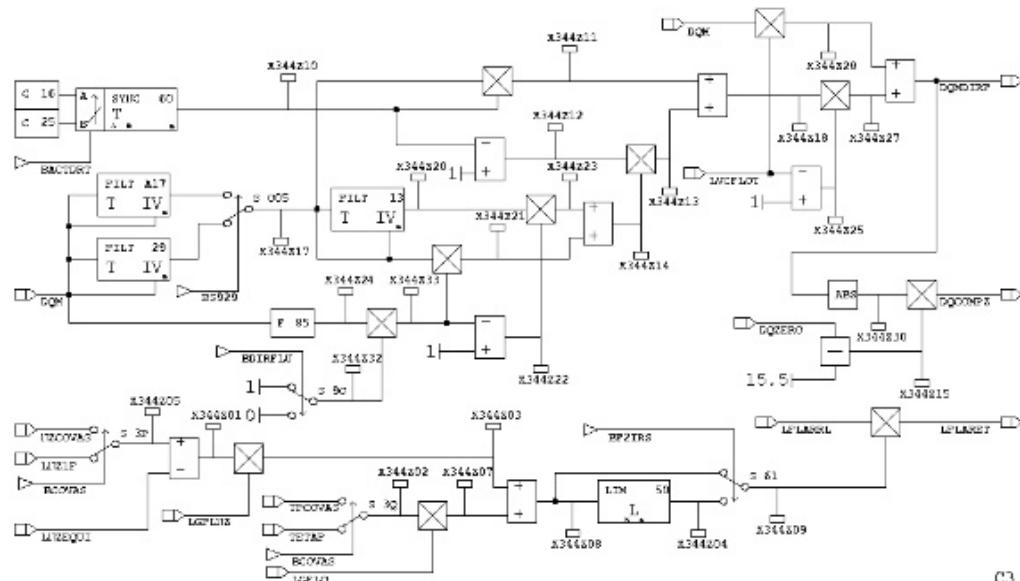


= formal software specification

C3

# Aérospatiale pioneering steps in the early eighties

control models (block-diagrams)



= formal software specification

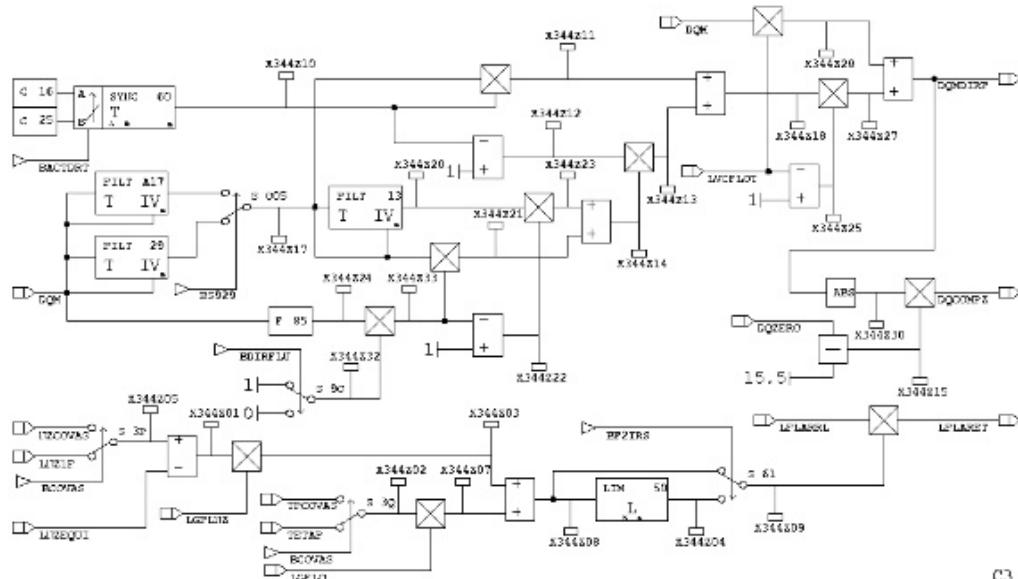
automatic code generation



Software

# Aérospatiale pioneering steps in the early eighties

control models (block-diagrams)



= formal software specification

automatic code generation

“Spécification Assistée par Ordinateur”(SAO)

“Computer Aided Specification”

Software

# Interest of SAO

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Twofold :

- Automatic code generation from high-level control models:  
easier and earlier debugging
- Graphic language close to the cultural background of avionic engineers,  
test pilots, suppliers, certification authorities, . . . :  
allows easier communication within the enterprise  
preserves the know-how and makes easier the technology transfer

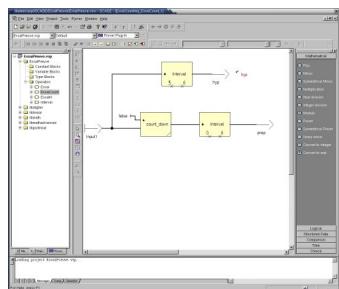
SAO participates to the success of A320

# From then on...

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Powerful model-based development tools:

- SAO replaced by SCADE



commercial product partially based on  
chronous technology



syn-

Do178B level A qualified automatic code generator

- Simulink/Stateflow

From Control Models to Real-Time Software

Paul Caspi  
Verimag-CNRS

1. The synchronous approach

2. Simulink

continuous/discrete time simulation toolbox  
the defacto standard in control modelling

- Formal methods: automatic mathematical proofs for dynamic systems

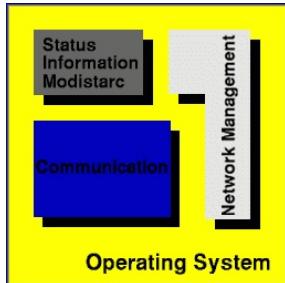


...

# From then on... ---

## More powerful execution platforms:

- multi-tasking



**WIND RIVER**

- distributed and multi-processor

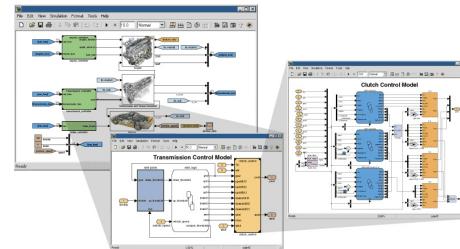
**TI Tech**



# State of the Art

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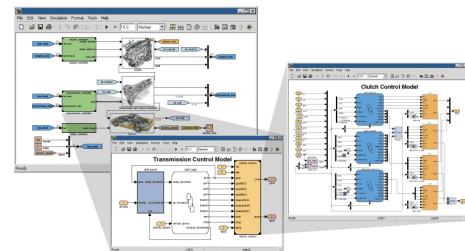
modelling



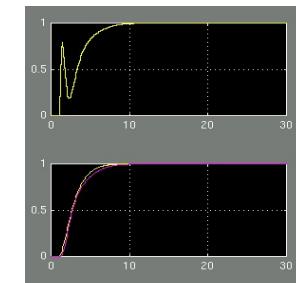
# State of the Art

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modelling



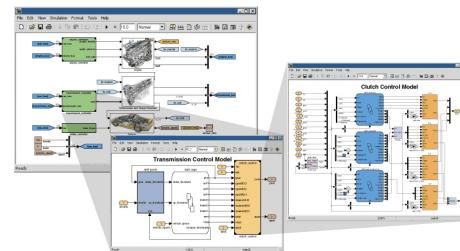
simulation  
debugging



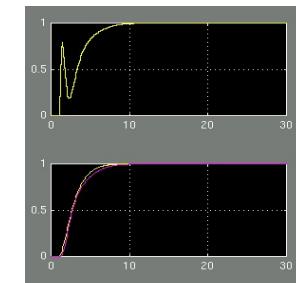
# State of the Art

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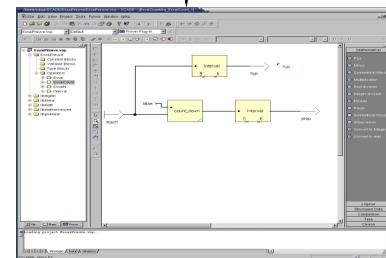
modelling



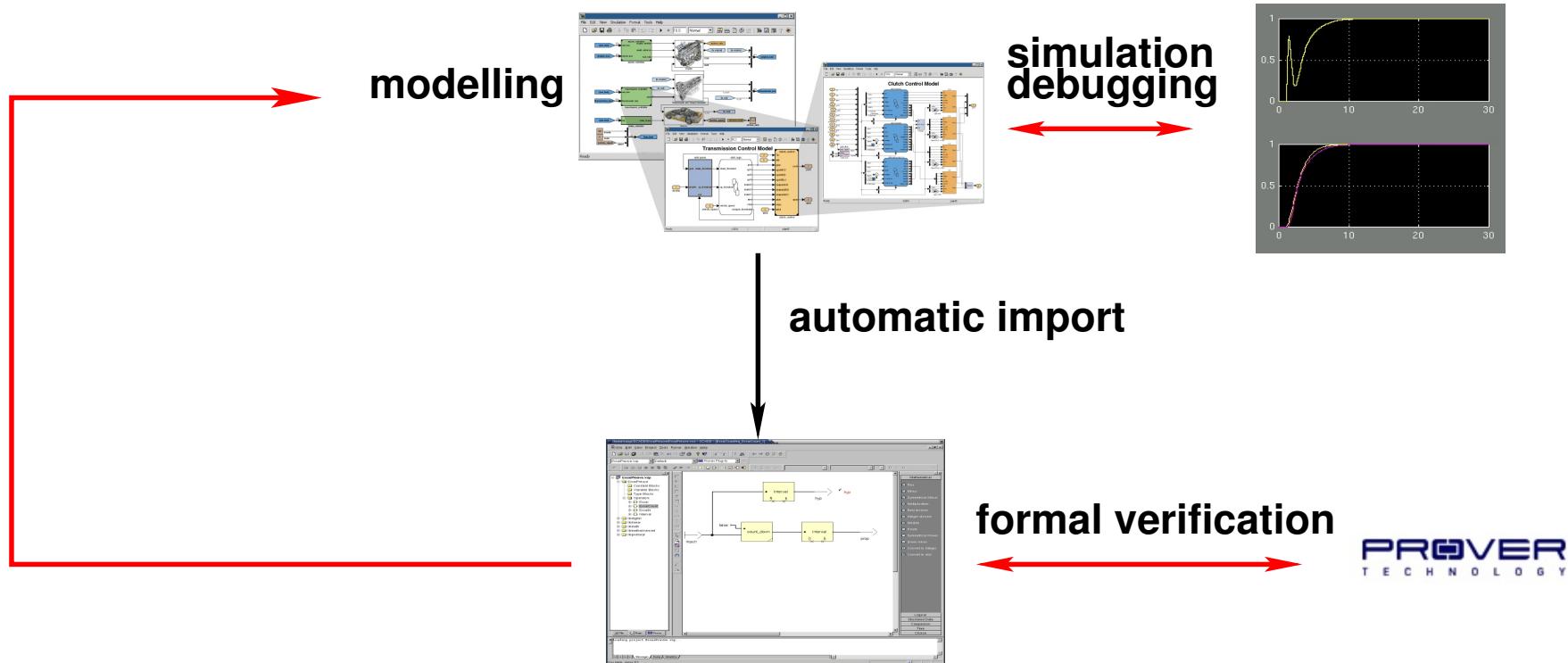
simulation  
debugging



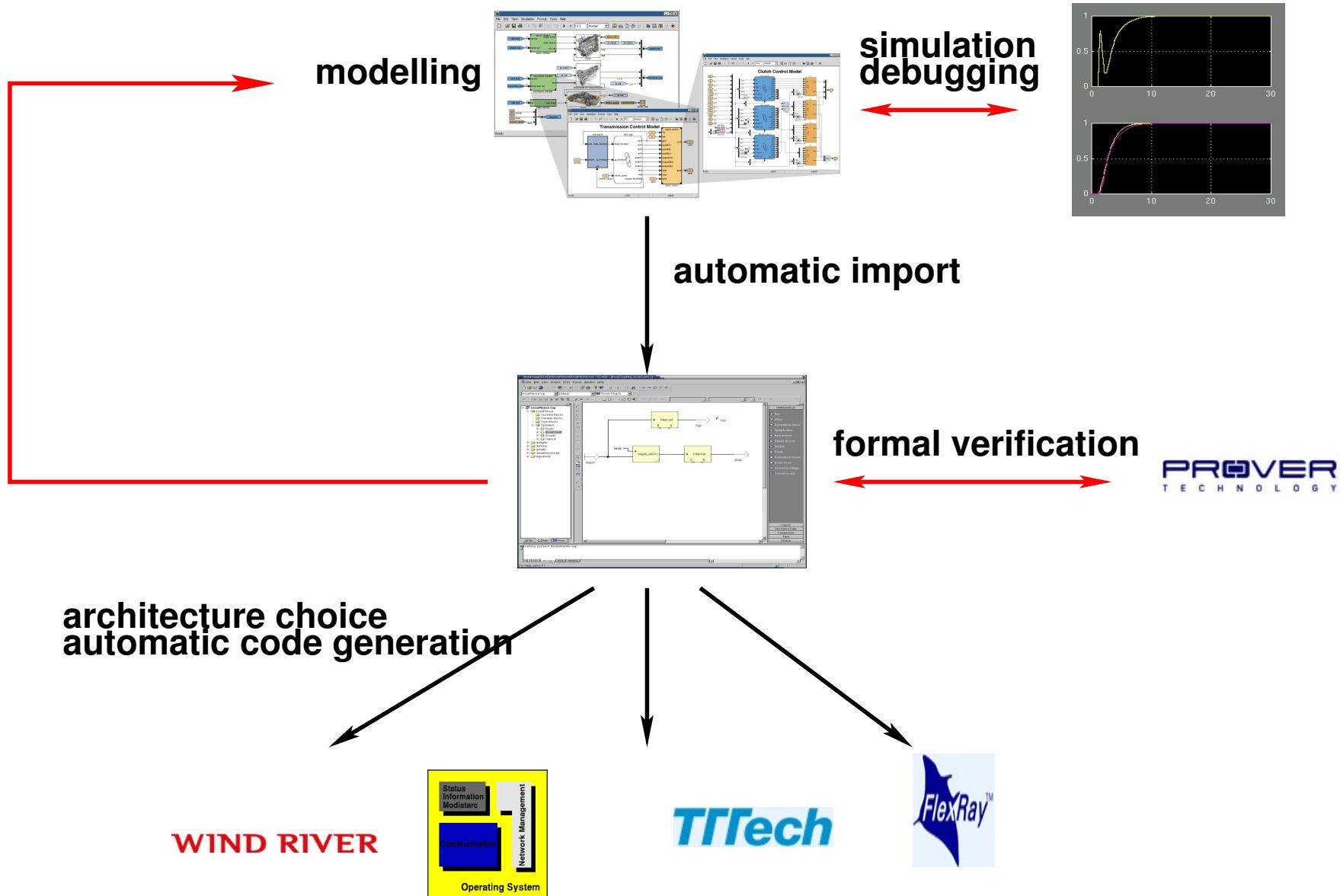
automatic import



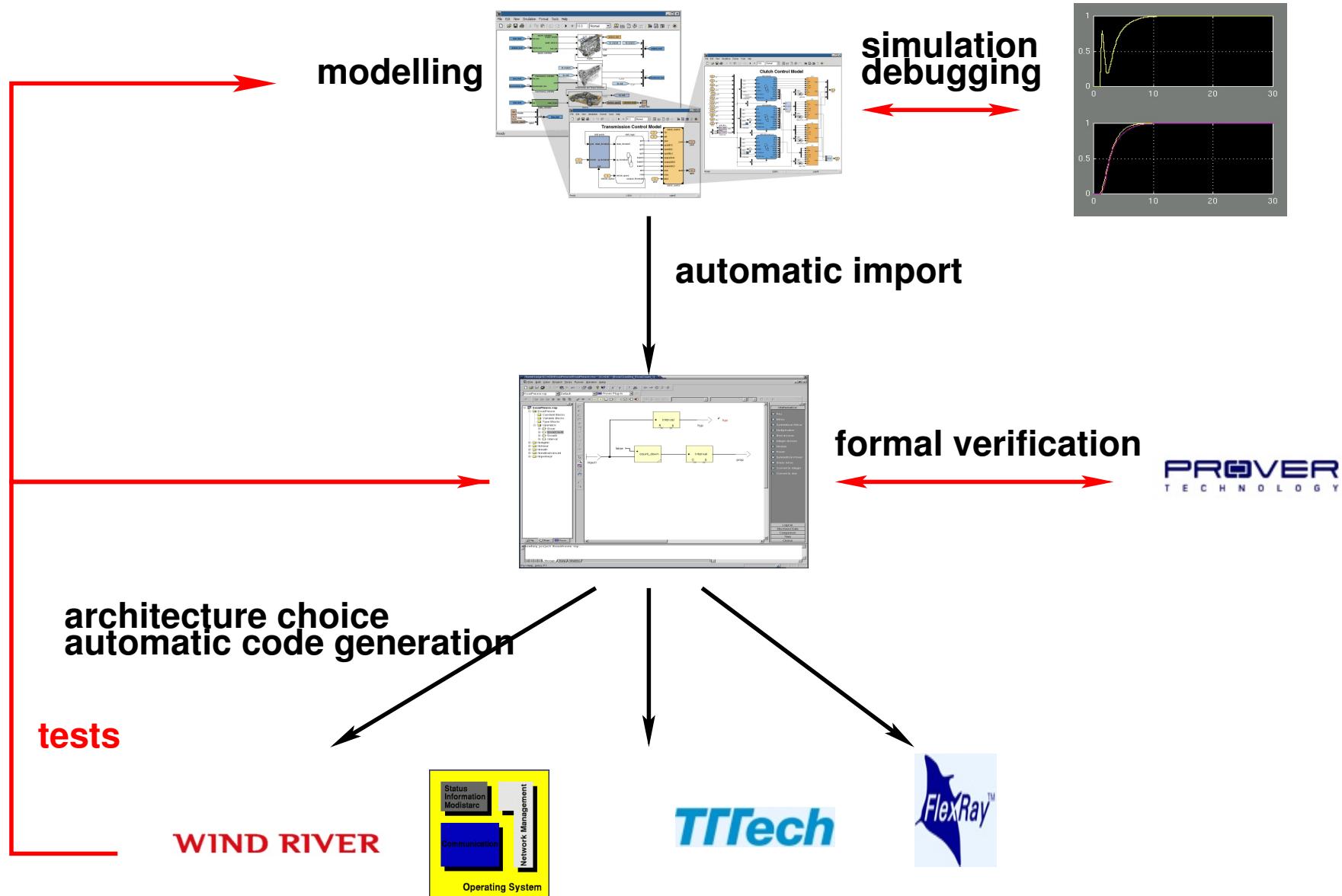
# State of the Art



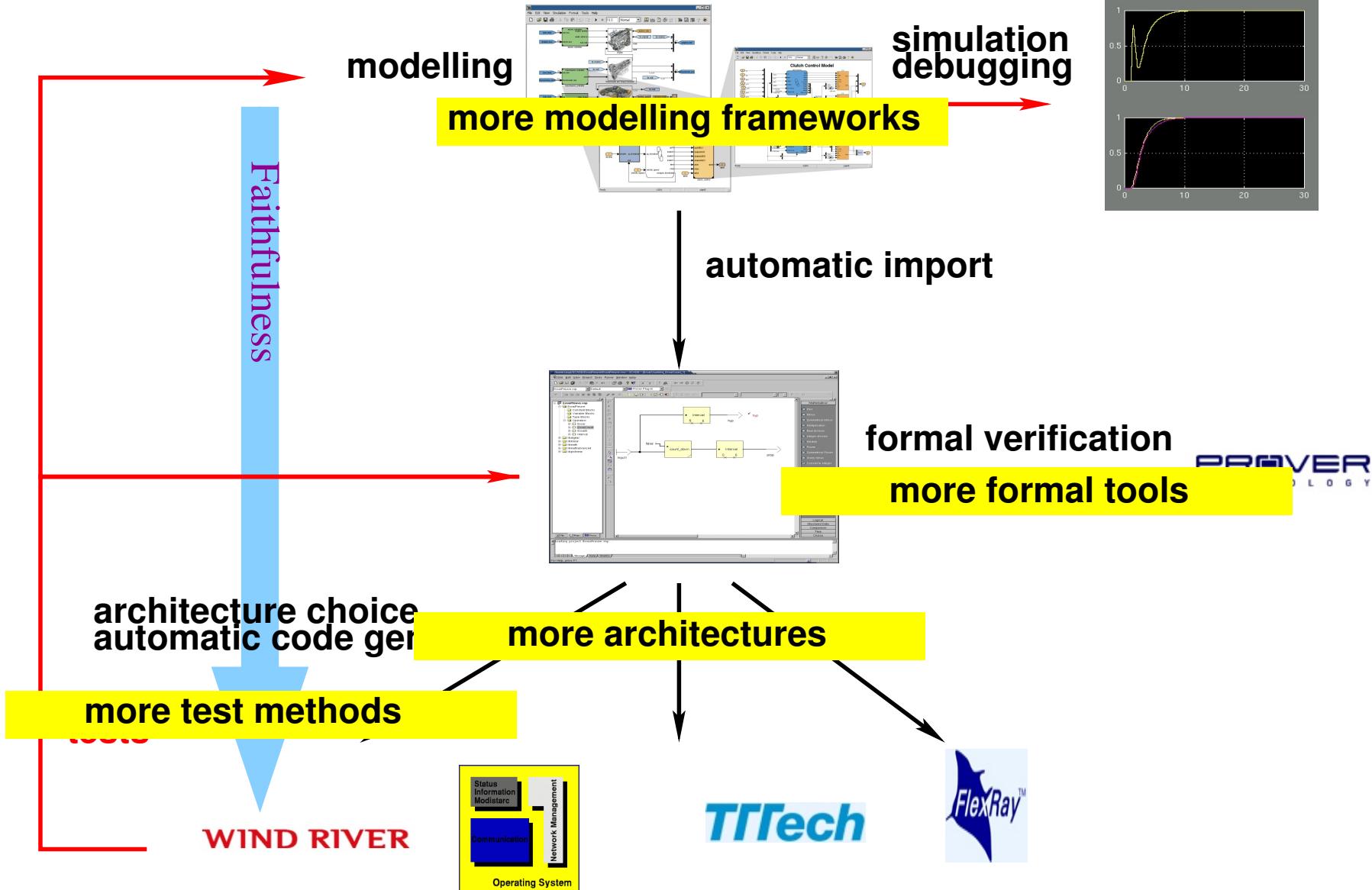
# State of the Art



# State of the Art



# Perspectives



# Perspectives

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- more modelling frameworks:  
networks, telecommunications, ...
- more powerful formal methods
- more execution platforms  
CAN, Ethernet, Internet, ...
- more test methods

# A Key Issue: Faithfulness

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What you  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} model \\ simulate \\ prove \end{array} \right.$  is what you  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} implement \\ execute \end{array} \right.$

# Implantation sûre de systèmes contrôle/commande \_

# Implantation sûre de systèmes contrôle/commande \_

- "sûre" ?

Étudier et expérimenter les méthodes qui permettent de garantir que l'implémentation respecte de *bonnes* propriétés :

- temps-réel : notion relative, beaucoup de paramètres (matériel/logiciel)
- déterminisme : essentiellement liée au logiciel, à l'exécutif (OS).
- N.B. nécessaire/requis pour les systèmes critiques (on parle de "hard real-time").

# Implantation sûre de systèmes contrôle/commande

## (suite) \_\_\_\_\_

### But du cours

- Voir les méthodes classiques de conception/implantation sûres :
  - synchrone "pur" : systèmes échantillonés, mono-tâche, sans exécufif (i.e. sans OS)
  - relachement du synchronisme, multi-tâches déterministe
- Expérimenter sur la brique Lego :
  - pas vraiment "critique", mais ...
  - suffisemment simple et représentatif pour illustrer les principes.