

## Exercise 2

### CTL and CTL Modelchecking

1) Write the following formulas using only the basic operators and show the parse tree for it.

(a)  $AG(AF p \rightarrow AF q)$

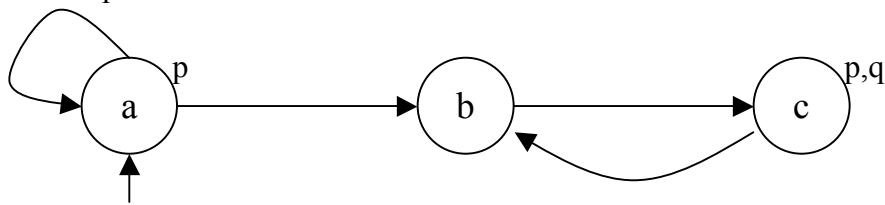
(b)  $AF(p \vee AG q)$

2) For the Kripke structure depicted below.

(a) Explain why  $K \models EG p$  does or does not hold by referring to the semantics of CTL.

(b) Explain why  $K \models AG EF p$  does or does not hold by referring to the semantics of CTL.

(c) Find the set of states satisfying  $AG EF p$  by computing the appropriate fix-points. Show the iterates of the computation.



3) Which of the following identities holds? For the equalities that are not valid, show counterexamples (i.e., give a Kripke structure that shows that equality is not valid). For those that are valid, argue why they are so.

(a)  $EF(p \vee q) = EF p \vee EF q$

(b)  $EF(p \wedge q) = EF p \wedge EF q$

(c)  $EG(p \vee q) = EG p \vee EG q$

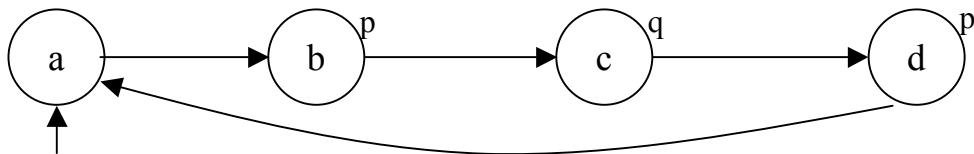
(d)  $EG(p \wedge q) = EG p \wedge EG q$

(e)  $AG((p \wedge q) = AG p \wedge AG q$

4) Show that  $EG p = \nu Z. p \wedge EX Z$ .

5) Prove that  $EG p = EG EG p$ .

6) For the Kripke structure depicted below find the set of states satisfying  $E p U q$  by computing the appropriate fix-point. Show the iterates of the computation.



**Bonus:** When computing  $E p U q$  convergence is reached when two successive iterates are identical. Prove that the following conditions are also sufficient to signal convergence to the fix-point: (a)  $Z_i = S$ , (b)  $Z_i = p \vee q$ , (c)  $Z_i \geq p$ .