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Series 1

Exercise 4

We wish to add the following statement to the **While** language:

repeat S until b

The rules we add to the rules of natural semantics are:

• If $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma' = \mathbf{ff}$ then

$$\frac{(S,\sigma) \to \sigma' \quad (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b,\sigma') \to \sigma''}{(\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b,\sigma) \to \sigma''}$$

• If $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma' = \mathbf{tt}$ then

$$\frac{(S,\sigma) \to \sigma'}{(\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b, \sigma) \to \sigma'}$$

Indeed, the meaning we want to give to this command is that we first perform S and then, according to whether b is true, we re-enter the repeat command or we stop.

Semantic equivalence proof

We prove that

- repeat S until b
- and S; if b then skip else (repeat S until b).

are semantically equivalent.

To do this, we have to prove that for any states σ, σ' we have that (repeat S until $b, \sigma) \to \sigma'$ iff (S; if b then skip else (repeat S until $b, \sigma) \to \sigma'$.

We first prove the \Rightarrow implication. We assume (repeat S until $b, \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$ and have to prove $(S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat S until } b), \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$. Assuming (repeat S until $b, \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$ is assuming that there exists a derivation tree T whose conclusion is this statement. Two cases can arise:

• the tree T can be the following:

$$\frac{(S,\sigma) \to \sigma_1 \quad (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b,\sigma_1) \to \sigma'}{(\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b,\sigma) \to \sigma'}$$

In this case, we know that σ_1 exists and that $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma_1 = \mathbf{ff}$.

We are searching for a tree T' whose conclusion is $(S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$. The program is the sequence of S and an if command. Such a tree T' would *necessary look like*:

$$\begin{array}{c} \underbrace{(S,\sigma) \rightarrow \sigma_2} & \hline\\ \hline (\text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma_2) \rightarrow \sigma' \\ \hline (S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma' \end{array}$$

for some candidate σ_2 we have to exhibit. If we look at the tree T, we see that we know $(S, \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma_1$. Hence we choose $\sigma_2 = \sigma_1$. Our tree T' becomes:

$$\begin{array}{c} ?\\ \hline (S,\sigma) \to \sigma_1 & \hline (\text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \to \sigma' \end{array}$$

We still have to replace ?, which we can do because we know that $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma_1 = \mathbf{ff}$. Hence, we apply the if-false rule to derive a tree for (if b then skip else (repeat S until b), σ_1) $\rightarrow \sigma'$. T' thus looks like:

$$\begin{array}{c} (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b, \sigma_1) \to \sigma_3 \\ \hline (S, \sigma) \to \sigma_1 & \hline (\text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \to \sigma' \end{array}$$

for some σ_3 we have to find. Looking at T, we see that $\sigma_3 = \sigma'$ fits.

$$\begin{array}{c} (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b, \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S, \sigma) \to \sigma_1 & \hline (\text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \to \sigma' \end{array}$$

is the derivation tree we are looking for. QED

• the tree T can be the following:

$$\frac{(S,\sigma) \to \sigma'}{(\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b,\sigma) \to \sigma'}$$

In this case, we know that σ' exists and that $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma' = \mathbf{tt}$.

We are searching for a tree T' whose conclusion is $(S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$. The program is the sequence of S and an if command. Such a tree T' would *necessary look like*:

for some candidate σ_1 we have to exhibit. If we look at the tree T, we see that we know $(S, \sigma) \to \sigma'$. Hence we choose $\sigma_1 = \sigma'$. Our tree T' becomes:

$$\begin{array}{c} ? \\ (S,\sigma) \to \sigma' & \hline (\text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma') \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \to \sigma' \end{array}$$

We still have to replace ?, which we can do because we know that $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma' = \mathbf{tt}$. Hence, we apply the if-false rule to derive a tree for (if b then skip else (repeat S until b), σ') $\rightarrow \sigma'$. T' thus looks like:

$$\begin{array}{c}(\mathsf{skip},\sigma')\to\sigma'\\\hline((f\ b\ \mathsf{then}\ \mathsf{skip}\ \mathsf{else}\ (\mathsf{repeat}\ S\ \mathsf{until}\ b),\sigma')\to\sigma'\\\hline(S;\mathsf{if}\ b\ \mathsf{then}\ \mathsf{skip}\ \mathsf{else}\ (\mathsf{repeat}\ S\ \mathsf{until}\ b),\sigma)\to\sigma'\end{array}$$

It is the derivation tree we are looking for. QED

We then prove the \Leftarrow implication. We assume $(S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$ and have to prove (repeat $S \text{ until } b, \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$. Our assumption yields the existence of a derivation tree T whose conclusion is $(S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$. It necessarily looks like:

$$\begin{array}{c} ?\\ (S,\sigma) \to \sigma_1 & \hline (\text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else (repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \to \sigma' \end{array}$$

with an actual state σ_1 . '?' depends on the truth value of b in state σ_1 . Two cases can arise:

• if $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma_1 = \mathbf{ff}$, we know that T is the following tree:

$$\begin{array}{c} (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b, \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S, \sigma) \to \sigma_1 & \hline (\text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \to \sigma' \end{array}$$

We want to build a tree T' whose conclusion is (repeat S until b, σ) $\rightarrow \sigma'$. Such a tree necessarily ends with the application of one of the rules for the repeat command. We know that: $(S, \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma_1$, (repeat S until b, σ_1) $\rightarrow \sigma'$, and $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma_1 = \mathbf{ff}$. Hence, it is the repeat-true rule we use to build T':

$$\frac{(S,\sigma) \to \sigma_1 \qquad (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b,\sigma_1) \to \sigma'}{(S;\text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\text{repeat } S \text{ until } b),\sigma) \to \sigma'}$$

• Similarly, if $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma_1 = \mathbf{tt}$, we know that T is the following tree:

$$\begin{array}{c} (\mathsf{skip}, \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S, \sigma) \to \sigma_1 & \hline (\text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\mathsf{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma_1) \to \sigma' \\ \hline (S; \text{if } b \text{ then skip else } (\mathsf{repeat } S \text{ until } b), \sigma) \to \sigma' \end{array}$$

Moreover, according to the skip rule, $\sigma_1 = \sigma'$.

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We want to build a tree T' whose conclusion is (repeat S until b, σ) $\rightarrow \sigma'$. Such a tree necessarily ends with the application of one of the rules for the repeat command. We know that $(S, \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma'$, and $\mathcal{B}[b]\sigma' = \mathcal{B}[b]\sigma_1 = \mathbf{tt}$. So we can build T' as follows:

$$\frac{(S,\sigma) \to \sigma'}{(\mathsf{repeat}\; S \; \mathsf{until}\; b,\sigma) \to \sigma'}$$